Mr. S. N. M. Razvi.—

Is it the opinion of Government that only opinions of followers of the western system of Medicine are entitled to consideration?

Second Member of Council.—

It is not so. I have actually seen cases treated by Hakims and Pandits. There has not been one case of recovery so far.

Mr. S. N. M. Razvi.—

There have been so many. They may not have come to your notice.

Mr. Mangesha Rao.—

Some one from Vizianagaram, by name Mr. B. Venkataramana Iyer, has been advertising medicines for hookworm disease. Have you tried them?

Senior Surgeon.—

If you can give me further information, I shall investigate into the matter.

MR. V. VENKATASAMY CHETTY (Chikballapur Municipality).—

Q.—23. Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(*a*) The actual amount spent for the past three years on University Education under the following heads:—

(*i*) Arts

(*ii*) Technical Courses

(*b*) The various branches of Technical Courses opened in the Chamarajendra Technical Institute at Mysore and the principle adopted in admission of students.

(*c*) The number of successful candidates in each of the above branches and the statistics as to how far the successful candidates have proved beneficial to the State apart from Government service?

CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.—

A.—23. (*a*) (i) Arts—

1926-1927	1927-1928	1928-1929
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
4,38,507	4,84,711	5,93,814 (as per budget)

(ii) Technical courses—

1926-1927	1927-1928	1928-1929
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,80,037	1,98,597	2,04,510

SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT, DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENTS.—

(*b*) The courses of technical training imparted in the Chamarajendra Technical Institute, Mysore, are:—

Drawing and Painting	Carpentry and Cabinet-making
Modelling	Metal Work
Inlaying	Rattan Work
Wood Carving	Fitters Work and Black-smithy
Engraving	

Admission.—Boys above 12 years are admitted, preference being given to those who have passed the Lower Secondary Course. Applications for admission should be made in the prescribed form between 15th May and 1st July, and in special cases, admissions will be permitted up to 15th August on good cause being shown for delay in making applications.

	Average of the past 3 years
(*c*) Drawing and Painting	3
Modelling	1
Inlaying	2
Engraving	3
Wood Carving ..	1
Carpentry	8
Metal Work	2
Rattan Work.. ..	3
Fitters Work.. ..	7
Black-smithy.. ..	5
Total for one year ..	35

Almost all the students trained in the Institute are employed, a few in Government service and many in private workshops, both in and outside the State. There is still a great demand for men trained in the Institute.

Supplementary Questions and Answers.

Mr. V. Venkatasamy Chetty.—

Is it not fair that whatever amount is spent on account of Arts is also spent on Technical Education ?

Third Member of Council —

Though both the kinds of education should be provided for, it is not possible, at the same time, to spend the same amount on Technical Education as on Arts.

Mr. V. Venkatasamy Chetty.—

Will the Government be pleased to sanction at least one lakh of rupees more on account of technical education ?

Third Member of Council.—

The question of re-organizing the courses of University education is under consideration; when those proposals have been given effect to, more money will have to be sanctioned for technical education.

Mr. S. V. Gurumurthiacharya.—

In answer to (*c*), the average number of students who have completed the various courses during the past 3 years has been given. May I know how long they were under instruction or training before passing ?

Secretary to Government, Development Departments —

The duration and other particulars of training are given in the respective curricula. If they get through that course and the examination, they are called successful.

Mr. S. V. Gurumurthiacharya —

Have all of them been employed ?

Secretary to Government, Development Departments.—

All those that have passed have secured appointments.

Mr. S V. Gurumurthiacharya.—

Is it the object of Government that students that pass in the several technical subjects should depend only upon Government appointments ?

Secretary to Government, Development Departments.—

No, no. The object is that they should get employment somewhere. I may add that even if a hundred more students pass they will be sure of appointments either in Government service or in private employ.

Mr. S. V. Gurumurthiacharya.—

How many have been employed under Government and how many in private service, out of those that have passed out of the Technical Institute ?

Secretary to Government, Development Departments.—

We want notice.

Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty.—

In view of the fact that gold and silver industries are showing considerable advance in Bangalore City, is it under contemplation to include these also in the technical courses ?

Secretary to Government, Development Departments.—

For specializing in enamelling we have given a scholarship. Similarly we have sanctioned one for specializing in gold industry. If similar encouragement is required in respect of work in other metals, it could be easily granted.

Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty.—

The answer to this part of the question says that 2 students have passed out on an average for the last 3 years in Metal Work. Could this result be considered commensurate with the expenditure incurred on this Institute?

Secretary to Government, Development Departments.—

Government are of opinion that the result is very favourable. Moreover, it is not 2 for all the 3 years. It is the average for each of the 3 years.

Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty.—

Has it come to the notice of Government that every year, lakhs of rupees worth of silver-wares are being exported from Bangalore ? If so, is it not worthwhile providing for some special training of a few young men in this industry also, specially in view of the fact that there is still considerable scope for further progress ?

Secretary to Government, Development Departments —

Government have not so far investigated into the matter but they are prepared to accept the suggestion of the member, if found necessary.

Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty.—

Has it come to notice that lakhs of rupees worth of jewellery is being manufactured at Bangalore and is finding sale in South India ?

Secretary to Government, Development Departments.—

I have already said that Government have not enquired into those matters.

Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty.—

Should not the Industries and Commerce Committee enquire into all these matters and see how far encouragement from Government is necessary ?

Secretary to Government, Development Departments.—

It could be done.

Mr. N. G. Sanjeeviah.—

From the figures furnished, is it not clear that Government are not spending on technical education, which will conduce to the progress of the country, as much as on Arts ?

Secretary to Government, Development Departments.—

It is a matter of opinion. It is not possible to compare the benefits accruing to the country from the two kinds of education.

Mr. N. G. Sanjeeviah.—

You say that there is demand for any number of technically trained men. Can you not, then, compare whether the demand is greater for technically qualified men or for University graduates and provide for the former in preference to the latter ? Is it not true that unemployment was responsible for the recent unrest in Bangalore ? Why should University give such an education at all ?

Second Member of Council.—

That question does not arise.

Mr. N. G. Sanjeeviah.—

Have not the Bangalore Disturbances Enquiry Committee, presided over by Sir M. Visvesvaraya, considered that unemployed educated classes were responsible for the disturbances ?

Second Member of Council.—

Government do not consider so.

Mr. N. G. Sanjeeviah.—

Was that Committee not appointed by Government themselves ?

Second Member of Council.—

That does not arise out of the question.

Mr. H. C. Dasappa.—

Is it not desirable to give more prominence to Applied Science ?

Second Member of Council.—

It might be done.

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.

II. General Principles of the Bill further to amend the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906.

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT, LAW DEPARTMENT, explained the general principles of the Bill as follows:—

The present Municipal Regulation does not provide for a license being obtained from the Municipal Council to burn bricks for other than trade purposes.

2. As the places generally used for burning bricks for other than trade purposes are situated in the midst of inhabited houses they are a source of nuisance to the neighbourhood. It is therefore proposed to amend the present Regulation so as to enable the Municipal Councils to insist upon licenses being taken out for burning bricks for other than trade purposes.

3. A draft Bill further to amend the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, has been prepared and placed before the Representative Assembly for expression of their views.